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WESTERN NEUROPATHY ASSOCIATION

P.O. Box 276567 Sacramento, CA 95827-6567 877-622-6298 888-556-3356 info@WNAinfo.org www.WNAinfo.org

Neuropathy Hope

Hope through caring, support, research, education, and empowerment
A newsletter for members of Western Neuropathy Association (WNA)

MEDICAL MARIJUANA FOR PERIPHERAL NEUROPATHY

By Jessica Robinson-Papp MD, MS, FAAN Mount Sinai Medical Center, and Sara Dehbashi, MD, Neuronuclear Fellow. Mount Sinai Medical Center

Medical marijuana use is becoming more common in the U.S. due to legalization in many states. The U.S. federal government still considers all forms of marijuana illegal, however so far, they have mostly not interfered with medical marijuana activities that are legal under state laws. Given that peripheral neuropathy and neuropathic pain are complicated conditions that are challenging to treat, we aim to review the effectiveness, roles and risks of medical marijuana in the treatment of peripheral neuropathy in this article.

What is marijuana?

The term marijuana refers to strains of the cannabis plant that contain substances, called cannabinoids, that can have effects on the human body.

What is medical marijuana?

Medical marijuana refers broadly to marijuana products that are used for medicinal purposes. The exact definition of medical marijuana varies by state. Some states allow actual marijuana (i.e. the plant material) for medicinal use, whereas in other states (e.g. New York), medicinal products are derived from the marijuana plant, and sold in different forms (e.g. tinctures or pills). Marijuana is comprised of over 400 chemical entities with more than 60 cannabinoids. The two main cannabinoids are:

- Tetrahydrocannabinol, or THC: the psychoactive compound in marijuana (the substance that produces the high). THC occurs naturally in marijuana; there are also synthetic forms of THC that are prescription medications (e.g. dronabinol).
- Cannabidiol, or CBD: This substance does not produce any psychoactive effects. Since it has low abuse potential, CBD-containing products are less tightly regulated than THC. In some states CBD can be sold as a supplement or topical treatment. A prescription medication form of CBD (Epidiolex) recently became available in the U.S. but is only approved for the

treatment of certain forms of epilepsy.

What is recreational marijuana?

Recreational marijuana refers to marijuana that is used for recreational purposes. In most states use of marijuana for recreational purposes is illegal. In states where recreational marijuana is legal, the actual product itself is typically not different from products used for medicinal purposes.

What is synthetic marijuana?

Synthetic marijuana also sometimes called "fake weed" contains human-made chemicals that are either sprayed on dried, shredded plant material so they can be smoked or sold as liquids to be vaporized and inhaled in e-cigarettes. Some of these products contain chemicals similar to those found in the marijuana plant. However, it is important to know that these drugs may affect the brain much more powerfully than marijuana, and that their effect can be unpredictable, and in some cases dangerous and even life-threatening.

How does medical marijuana work?

The THC and/or CBD contained in medical marijuana binds to specific cannabinoid receptors in the brain and peripheral nervous system which is likely the way in which it is able to alleviate chronic pain (1).

Currently, there is a debate about the so-called "entourage effect" which refers to the idea that compounds other than cannabinoids in marijuana (i.e. terpenes and flavonoids) are important in its therapeutic effects. This idea has wide lay-popularity, but little scientific evidence to support it.

How is medical marijuana administered?

Legal routes of administration vary state by state. For example, in New York state, medical marijuana can be used as a vapor, tincture or pill. In other places the natural leaf form is available and smoking or conversion to an edible product is allowed.

- Continued on page 7

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Please contact your group leader or check your group page on the WNA website www.WNAinfo.org to find out about the topic/speaker for the upcoming meeting.

Bev Anderson Editor

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Roster of Our WNA Information and Support Groups

CALIFORNIA

Auburn

Next meeting Oct. 7 1st Monday, 11 AM Woodside Village MH Park 12155 Luther Road Sharlene McCord (530) 878-8392

Castro Valley

2nd Wednesday, 1:30 PM First Presbyterian Church 2490 Grove Way (next to Trader Joe) Joy Rotz (510) 842-8440

Concord

Next meeting Sept. 19 3rd Thursday, 1:30 PM First Christian Church 3039 Willow Pass Road Wavne Korsinen (925) 685-0953

Davis

Next meeting Sept. 10 2nd Tuesday, 3:30-5:00 PM Davis Senior Center, 646 A Street Mary Sprifke (530) 756-5102

Elk Grove

Next meeting July 9 2nd Tuesday, 1 PM Elk Grove Senior Center 8830 Sharkev Avenue Roger White (916) 686-4719

Folsom

Next meeting Sept. 18 3rd Wednesday, 12:30 PM Association Resource Center 950 Glenn Dr., Suite 150 Bev Anderson (877) 622-6298

Fresno

Next meeting - Sept. 17 3rd Tuesday, 11:00 AM

United Community Church of Christ

5550 N. Fresno St.

Bonnie Zimmerman (559) 313-6140

Grass Valley

2nd Monday, 1:30 PM **GV United Methodist Church** 236 S. Church Street Bey Anderson 877-622-6298

Livermore

Next meeting Sept. 24 4th Tuesday, 10 AM Heritage Estates 900 E. Stanley Blvd. Lee Parlett (925) 292-9280

Merced

Next meeting Sept. 12 2nd Thursday, 1 PM Central Presbyterian Church 1920 Canal Street (Hoffmeiser Center across from the church) Larry Frice (209) 358-2045

Modesto

Next meeting - Sept. 16 3rd Monday, 10:30 AM Trinity United Presbyterian Church 1600 Carver Rd., Rm. 503 Ray (209) 634-4373

Monterey

Next meeting - Sept. 18 3rd Wed., 10:30 AM (odd numbered months) First Presbyterian Church 501 El Dorado Street

Dr. William Donovan (831) 625-3407

Napa

Next meeting Aug. 1 1st Thursday, 2 PM

Napa Senior Center, 1500 Jefferson St. Ron Patrick (707) 257-2343 boniournapa@hotmail.com

Placerville

Next meeting Sept. 11 2nd Wednesday, 1 PM El Dorado Senior Center 937 Spring Street Bev Anderson (877) 622-6298

Redwood City

Next meeting Sept. 24 4th Tuesday, 1 PM Seguoia Hospital Health and Wellness Center

749 Brewster Avenue

Danielle LaFlash (415) 297-1815

Roseville

2nd Wednesday, 1PM (odd numbered months) Sierra Point Sr. Res. 5161 Foothills Blvd. Stan Pashote (916) 409-5747

Sacramento

Next meeting June 25 3rd Tuesday, 1:30 PM Northminster Presby. Church 3235 Pope Street Bev Anderson 877-622-6298

San Francisco

2nd Monday, 11 AM – 12:30 PM Kaiser French Campus 4141 Geary Blvd. between 6th & 7th Ave. Rm. 411A - Watch for signs. Merle (415) 346-9781

3rd Saturday, 10:30 AM O'Conner Hospital, 2105 Forest Avenue SJ DePaul Conf. Rm. Kathy Romero (407) 319-2557

Santa Barbara

4th Saturday, 10AM (Sept., Oct., Jan., March, May) St. Raphael Catholic Church 5444 Hollister Ave., Conference Room Shirley Hopper (805) 689-5939

Santa Cruz

3rd Wednesday, 12:30 PM (odd numbered months) Trinity Presbyterian Church 420 Melrose Avenue Mary Ann Leer (831) 477-1239

Santa Rosa

Next meeting Sept. 4 1st Wednesday, 10:30 AM Steele Lane Community Center 415 Steele Lane Judy Leandro (707) 480-3740

Walnut Creek

4th Friday, 10 AM Rossmoor, Hillside Clubhouse Vista Room Karen Hewitt (925) 932-2248

Westlake Village - Thousand Oaks

2nd Monday, 4:30-5:30 PM United Methodist Church Youth Classroom 1 (faces parking lot) 1049 S. Westlake Blvd. Angie Becerra (805) 390-2999

NEVADA

Las Vegas

Next meeting Sept. 19 3rd Thursday, 1 PM Mountain View Presbyterian Church 8601 Del Webb Blvd. Barbara Montgomery lvneuropathygroup@gmail.com

OREGON Grants Pass

Next meeting Sept. 18 3rd Wednesday 2:00 PM Club Northwest 2160 N.W. Vine St. David Tally 541-218-4418

For information on groups in the following areas or any other place you are interested in finding out about a support group, call Bev Anderson at (877) 622-6298. She is actively trying to open new groups and re-open closed groups. Check with her about a group in your area especially if you would volunteer to be the leader.

New Leadership needed. No meetings for now. Contact for information: Bev Anderson 877-622-6298. California: Alturas, Antioch-Brentwood, Bakersfield, Berkelev - Oakland, Carmichael, Clearlake, Costa Mesa, Crescent City, Eureka, Fort Bragg, Garberville, Jackson, Lakeport, Lincoln, Lodi, Madera, Mt. Shasta, Oxnard, Quincy, Redding, Salinas, Santa Maria, San Rafael, Sonoma, Sonora, Stockton, Susanville, Truckee, Tulare-Visalia, Turlock, West Sacramento, Weed, Ukiah, Woodland, Yreka, Yuba City-Marysville. **Nevada:** Reno-Sparks. **Oregon:** Brookings, Medford, Portland, Salem.

President's Message By Bev Anderson

Summer brings changes in support groups' schedules. Be sure to check on the second page of this newsletter to see if there are changes in your group's schedule. Many groups do not meet in July and August. Odd number months scheduled groups may or may not meet in July. So to eliminate confusion, I'm listing the date of the next meeting of each group. Any group that I've not gotten by the time this newsletter goes to press will be on the WNA website. Each group has its own page on the website. Please check it out by going to www.WNAinfo.org.



This issue is going to press early because our newsletter designer is having hand surgery and won't be able to use her right hand for a few weeks. We are trusting that all will go well and the operation will be a success.

The first article this month is on marijuana. Next month there will be another article on marijuana that includes other information including CBD oil and how it is different from hemp oil. I know there is quite a bit of interest in this subject and many are getting measurable help from medical marijuana.

In the summer the sun shines brightly and many of us will be out in it. The second article features possible benefits of sunshine and how important Vitamin D is to our health. Being careful and using sunscreen is, of course, also important so that skin cancer does not develop. I have a small dent in my nose because of summers spent in the sun in my youth. My nose sunburned and peeled all summer and the skin responded negatively. This article also references possible benefits especially for those with diabetes. I also used the article because we rarely see research reports from Brazil. It is good to know that many other countries are researching areas that are of special interest to us.

We were able to match the \$1,000.00 that Kathy Clemens put up to match at our Annual Conference. We actually almost double matched it. It is a great help when people participate in supporting WNA. We thank Kathy for her

generous support.

Ray Nichols, leader of the Modesto Neuropathy Support Group

On pages 4 and 5 are photos from our Annual Conference held on May 10 in Modesto that were taken by Ray Nichols, leader of the Modesto Neuropathy Support Group. Lindsay went through the hundreds of photos and chose the ones to print in the newsletter and the WNA website. As soon as we receive them, the slides shown by Dr. Ralph and Dr. Sampognaro will also be on our website. Videos will be made soon of this year's speakers. Each group leader will receive a set to use in meetings. Anyone can buy one or more for \$5 each online via our website or by check through the mail.

Happy Summer (June 21 is the official first day of summer. Each day afterward is a day closer to winter.).



DOING SOME ONLINE SHOPPING? We recommend AmazonSmile and iGive.com.

amazonSmile is an easy and automatic way for you to support WNA every time you shop, at no cost to you. When you shop at **smile.amazon.com**, you'll find

the exact same low prices, vast selection and convenient shopping experience as Amazon.com, with the added bonus that AmazonSmile will donate a portion of the purchase price to the Western Neuropathy Association!!! Make sure you type in our organization.

You can also support WNA by shopping at one of the 1700+ stores at **iGive. com** and selecting the Western Neuropathy Association as your charity of choice - they will donate a rebate of your purchase at no extra cost to you!



Help With Health Care Challenges

If the number is not in your area, call the one listed and ask for the right number.

Medicare

www.Medicare.gov

The Affordable Health Care Act

For current information go to www.HealthCare.gov

•••

HICAP Health Insurance Counseling

for seniors and people with disabilities. www.cahealthadvocates.org /HICAP/ Call (800) 434-0222 to ask a question or to make an appointment.

Health Rights Hotline

Serving Placer, El Dorado, Yolo, & Sacramento Counties, regardless where you receive your health coverage. Tollfree (888) 354-4474 or TDD (916) 551-2180. In Sacramento, (916) 551-2100. www.hrh.org.

HMO Help Center

Assistance 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (888) HMO-2219 or (877) 688-9891 TDD

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Access Project Free
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rights and concerns of
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and serious health
conditions. For more
information, go to
http://dralegal.org/ and
click on "Projects".

DISCOUNTS FOR WNA MEMBERS

The following companies or individuals have agreed to give WNA a discount to WNA members. Give them a call or visit. If you choose to purchase the service or wares of any on this list, pull out your WNA Membership Card and claim the discount.

Anodyne Therapy
Infrared Light Therapy
equipment - 12%
off all home units.
Contact: 800-521-6664 or
www.anodynetherapy.com

HealthLight Infrared Light Therapy equipment - 5% off Single Boot System and Dual boot system.

Contact: 888-395-3040 or www.healthlight.us

Auburn The Footpath

825 Lincoln Way (530) 885-2091 www.footpathshoes.com WNA Discount: 10% off the regular price shoes.

Elk Grove Shoes That Fit

8649 Elk Grove Blvd. (916) 686-1050 WNA Discount: 20% off the regular price shoes.

Fortuna Strehl's Family Shoes & Repair

Corner of 12th & Main 1155 Main Street (707) 725-2610 Marilyn Strehl, C.PED is a Certified Pedorthic WNA Discount: 10% off the regular price shoes.

West Sacramento Beverly's Never Just Haircuts and Lilly's Nails 2007 W. Capitol Ave Hair – (916) 372-5606 Nails – (916) 346-8342 WNA discount: 10% off the regular price.

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WNA 2019 ANNUAL CONFERENCE PHOTO GALLERY



Church Sign



Registration Check-In



Bev and Anne



Sharon Gunn and Karen Wills



Alvin Abbott



Sharon and Glen Wild



Leonard Churilla and Lee Parlett



Darrell O' Sullivan



Jeffrey Ralph and Paul Sampognaro



Lunch Buffet

Friday, May 10, 2019 · Trinity United Presbyterian Church · Modesto



Lunch Group



Kathy & David Clemens • Alvin & Laura Abbott



Lunch Group



Lunch Group



Sonya, Anne & Darrell



Bev and Darrell



Bryn Miller



Alan Eighmey



Raffle Winner



Raffle Winner

DISCOUNTS FOR WNA MEMBERS

Continued from page 4

Neuropathy Support Formula/Nerve Renew (1-888-840-7142) is a supplement that a sizable number of people are taking and reporting it has helped them. The company gives members of WNA a discount and free shipping. The 30-day supply is \$40 (normally \$49.97). It can be auto-shipped monthly for the same. A 3-month supply via auto-ship is \$95.00. They also have a Nerve Repair Optimizer that is available for \$20 with free shipping. Marsha, the manager, said that if anyone wants more information about the product, they can call and ask for her. If she is not readily available, leave your number and she will call you back.

Additional Discounts

Do you know a business that might offer our members a discount? Tell them that they will be listed each month in our newsletter and on our website so our members will know of their generosity and patronize their business. Call (877) 622-6298 or e-mail info@pnhelp.org.

We'll mail an agreement form to the business, and once we have it, we'll add them to this list.

CAN THE SUN PROTECT AGAINST DIABETES?

Brazilian women with lower vitamin D levels were 30% more likely to have high blood glucose By Kristen Monaco, Staff Writer, MedPage Today January 31, 2019

Lower levels of vitamin D were tied to higher glucose levels in a study of Brazilian women.

In the cross-sectional analysis, more than 65% of women had hypovitaminosis D -- considered to be a serum 25(OH) D level under 30 ng/mL -- which was associated with higher odds of having a blood glucose level of 100 mg/dL or higher (OR 1.29, 95% CI 1.05-1.57, P=0.015).

This relationship was also seen among women with even lower serum levels of vitamin D, Tânia Valladares, MSc, of the University of Sao Paulo School of Public Health in Brazil, and colleagues wrote in Menopause: The Journal of The North American Menopause Society.

Among the quarter of women with a serum 25(OH)D level <20 ng/mL, they also had significantly higher odds of having a blood glucose level of 100 mg/dL or higher, although the magnitude was no greater (OR 1.25, 95% CI 1.04-1.50). Self-reported use of supplements was not associated with blood glucose levels. "It has been postulated that vitamin D plays a role in pancreatic beta cell function, improving the insulin response to an increase in the blood glucose level," Valladares' group explained. "Those data underscore a potential benefit of a higher 25(OH)D level in individuals who still have a minimal beta cell population, improving the insulin response and perhaps preventing the progression of insulin dependence."

The findings were consistent with the literature, the researchers said, although intervention studies haven't shown any significant benefit to vitamin D supplements. Consequently, they recommended future studies should aim to differentiate whether or not serum vitamin D "can actually improve blood glucose levels or if its importance is restricted to its function as a marker of ill health."

In a statement, JoAnn Pinkerton, MD, executive director of the North American Menopause Society, who was not involved with the study, underscored the importance of the relationship between low vitamin D levels and type 2 diabetes. "Vitamin D supplementation may help improve blood sugar control, but intervention studies are still needed," she said. However, Pinkerton also stressed that no causal relationship between these two variables has been proven yet.

When determining vitamin D deficiency in patients, the American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists (AACE) and the American College of Endocrinology (ACE) note that "defining 'vitamin D inadequacy' is extremely controversial."

"[Randomized controlled trials] evaluating nutrients are often confounded when 'low' nutrient status is not established, since nutrients reach a threshold effect in which greater amounts do not provide enhanced physiologic effects. As such, providing vitamin D to volunteers who are vitamin D replete should not be expected to demonstrate beneficial effects," they explain in their position statement on the use of vitamins and minerals in skeletal health.

The current study's cutoff of 30 ng/mL for vitamin D deficiency is the same as that recommended by AACE and ACE.

For the analysis, 680 women ages 35-74 completed interviews and physical exams and gave blood samples. Their mean blood glucose was 105 mg/dL, while the average 25(OH)D level was 26.4 ng/mL. Among the cohort, 3.5% reported taking vitamin D supplementation, which -- as expected -- was negatively associated with having low vitamin D (OR 0.44, 95% CI 0.19-0.99, P=0.049) levels. Women who reported having habitual sun exposure also saw lower odds of having a serum vitamin D level under 30 ng/mL (OR 0.68, 95% CI 0.48-0.96, P=0.028), but no significant risk of excessive blood glucose (OR 1.03, 95% CI 0.85-1.25).

A glucose level of 100 mg/dL or higher wasn't only associated with low vitamin D levels, but was also significantly tied to obesity, hypertension, and older age among women:

BMI ≥30: OR 1.42 (95% CI 1.19-1.69, P<0.001)

SBP ≥130 or DBP ≥85 mmHg: OR 1.27 (95% CI 1.03-1.56, P=0.025)

Age 60+: OR 1.33 (95% CI 1.11-1.61, P=0.003)

Among the study's limitations were that data on sun exposure, vitamin D supplementation, medication use, and other potential confounders were self-reported. Also, the cohort was exclusive to women living in a tropical region of Brazil where sunlight is relatively strong and plentiful.

The study was supported by the Fundação de Amparo à Pesquisa do Estado de São Paulo. Valladares and co-authors reported no disclosures. Primary Source Menopause Source Reference: Valladares T, et al "Higher serum levels of vitamin D are associated with lower blood glucose levels" Menopause 19; DOI: 10.1097/GME.0000000000001308.

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Medical Marijuana for Peripheral Neuropathy - Continued from page 1

What are the dosing recommendations? (9)

It is important to know that medical marijuana products vary widely and so no consistent recommendations can be made on dosing. A general common-sense approach recommended by some doctors is "start low, go slow, and stay low." One study (8) found that 25 mg herbal cannabis with 9.4% THC, administered as a single smoked inhalation three times daily for five days, significantly reduced average pain intensity compared with a 0% THC cannabis placebo in adult participants with chronic post-traumatic or postsurgical neuropathic pain.

What conditions does medical marijuana treat?

State laws differ on the conditions that can legally be treated with medical marijuana. The National Academies of Sciences, Engineering and Medicine (NASEM) published a comprehensive review of the literature in 2017 for all indications (not just neurological), which is available here. [1] In summary, medical marijuana is most often allowed to be used in debilitating conditions such as neuropathy, spinal cord injury with spasticity, multiple sclerosis, epilepsy, ALS, chronic pain, Parkinson disease, Huntington's disease, HIV/AIDS, and cancer; and for controlling symptoms and conditions such as muscle spasms, severe nausea, cachexia, PTSD, etc.

For many of these conditions there is inadequate information to conclusively assess the effects of cannabinoids. Studies have shown significant efficacy in 3 main medical conditions, which are: 1) chemotherapy induced nausea and vomiting; 2) chronic pain, including neuropathic pain, and 3) multiple sclerosis related spasticity.

One of the neuropathic pain conditions that has been evaluated by randomized, double-blind studies, is HIV-neuropathy, in which studies have shown promising effects on pain (2).

What are the major risks of taking medical marijuana?

It is important to know that medical marijuana (unlike opioid pain medicines) is not lethal in overdose, and trials done in humans so far have overall shown an acceptable safety profile. The evidence suggests that smoking cannabis (unlike tobacco) does not increase the risk for certain cancers (i.e., lung, head, and neck) in adults, but is associated with chronic cough.

Some other side effects as listed below, have been reported.

- Impairment in learning, attention and memory with acute use, which may persist
- Developing or worsening substance use disorders including alcohol, tobacco and other illicit drugs
- Psychiatric effects, such as development of social anxiety disorder, increased risk of suicidal thoughts, increased risk of schizophrenia and other psychoses, and worsening of preexisting bipolar symptoms with daily use
- Lower birth weight in pregnancy
- Reduced future achievement in adolescents

What are the laws and regulations surrounding marijuana?

Currently, a total of 34 states in US have approved a comprehensive, publicly available medical marijuana programs, in addition to approved efforts in 12 states that allow use of medical marijuana products for medical reasons in limited situations (full list available at this website [2]. However, the US federal government still considers marijuana illegal.

What is the efficacy and cost-effectiveness of medical marijuana in neuropathic pain?

As previously indicated, the scientific literature demonstrates some efficacy of medical marijuana/cannabis in the treatment of chronic neuropathic pain. Clinical trials of different routes of administration (sublingual, oral, smoked, and vaporized) have demonstrated analgesic benefit in the treatment of this costly and disabling condition (3,4,5), and some treatment guidelines for neuropathic pain recommend consideration of cannabinoids as a second or third line agent (6,7).

As expenses for medical marijuana are not covered by health plans and are out-of-pocket, knowing the cost-effectiveness of medical marijuana may impact patients' decisions regarding its use. Based on a recent published article (7), inhaled cannabis appears to be cost-effective when used as second or third-line treatment in chronic neuropathic pain.

References:

Manzanares J et al; Role of the Cannabinoid System in Pain Control and Therapeutic Implications for the Management of Acute and Chronic Pain Episodes; Curr Neuropharmacol. 2006 Jul; 4(3): 239–257 [3]

Ellis RJ et al; Smoked medicinal cannabis for neuropathic pain in HIV: a randomized, crossover clinical trial; Neuropsychopharmacology. 2009 Feb;34(3):672-80 [4]

Wilsey B et al; Low-dose vaporized cannabis significantly improves neuropathic pain; J Pain. 2013 Feb;14(2):136-48. [5]

Aviram J et al; Efficacy of Cannabis-Based Medicines for Pain Management: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials; Pain Physician. 2017 Sep [6]

Andreae MH et al; Inhaled Cannabis for Chronic Neuropathic Pain: A Meta-analysis of Individual Patient Data; J Pain. 2015 Dec;16(12):1221-1232. [7]

Koppel et al; Systematic review: efficacy and safety of medical marijuana in selected neurologic disorders: report of the Guideline Development Subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology; Neurology. 2014 Apr 29 [8]

Tyree GA et al; A Cost-Effectiveness Model for Adjunctive Smoked Cannabis in the Treatment of Chronic Neuropathic Pain; Cannabis Cannabinoid research. 2019 Mar 13 [9]

Ware Mark A et al; Smoked cannabis for chronic neuropathic pain: a randomized controlled trial; CMAJ. 2010 Oct 5; 182(14): E694–E701. [10]

MacCallum CA1, Russo EB; Practical considerations in medical cannabis administration and dosing; Eur J Intern Med. 2018 Mar;49:12-19. [11]

information about medical cannabis and For more other treatments for peripheral neuropathy. please refer Peripheral Neuropathy Pain Management and Treatments on the Foundation for Peripheral Neuropathy website. Used with the permission of The Foundation for Peripheral Neuropathy https://www.foundationforpn.org



WESTERN NEUROPATHY ASSOCIATION

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NEUROPATHY MEDICAL LITER ATURE REVIEW

By William B. Donovan, M.D.

We can access the National Library of Medicine (**NLM**) to obtain information on peripheral neuropathy (**PN**). There are over 100 medical articles a month written on PN.

I review these references and select articles that would appear to be most interesting to us neuropathy sufferers. This is the link to **PubMed** that will connect to the **NLM**:

www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sites/entrez

If you are reading this article on the computer, just click on the above link to go there. If you are reading the print edition of the newsletter, type this link into the address bar of the browser on a computer. If you don't know how, get a librarian or friend to help you.

After you get to **PubMed**, you will see a line that says "**Search** _*PubMed*" followed by "**for**" and a space. Every article in the **NLM** is given a **PMID**, an eight digit identification number. I will give you **PMID** numbers of the selected articles. Type the **PMID** into the space after the "**for**" and click on "**Go**" at the end of the space, or press the ENTER key on your keyboard. You will then see a one paragraph abstract of the article appear, as well as links to related articles.

The reader can also go to the WNA website www.pnhelp.org , click on the RESOURCES tab and select MEDICAL LITERATURE REVIEW from the menu to review the archive of summaries that have appeared in this column over recent years.

This month's PMIDs:

- 29948355 This is a Turkish single-blind study of 44 patients with carpal tunnel syndrome. They
 were randomized to a splint group and a Kinesio taping group. After 6 weeks of treatment
 there was significantly more improvement in the taping group in terms of nerve conduction,
 symptom severity and functional status.
- 30069477 This is a meta-analysis of 11 randomized, controlled trials involving post herpetic neuralgia. There was highly significant improvement of pain and insomnia in the gabapentin (Neurontinâ) group, but adverse symptoms included somnolence, dizziness and edema.



Western Neuropathy Association (WNA)

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Bev Anderson, Editor

P.O. Box 276567 Sacramento, CA 95827-6567 (877) 622-6298 (888) 556-3356 info@WNAinfo.org www.WNAinfo.org WNA Headquarters: admin@WNAinfo.org

Our mission is to provide support, information and referral to people with neuropathy and to those who care about them, to inform and connect with the health care community, and to support research.

Dues - \$30 a year All contributions and dues are tax-deductible.

We are supported by dues-paying members, contributions by members and friends, and occasionally, small grants and fundraisers.

This newsletter is designed for educational and informational purposes only. The information contained herein is not intended to substitute for informed medical advice. You should not use this information to diagnose or treat a health problem or disease without consulting a qualified health care provider. Western Neuropathy Association (WNA) does not endorse any treatments, medications, articles, abstracts or products discussed herein. You are strongly encouraged to consult a neurologist with any questions or comments you may have regarding your condition. The best care can only be given by a qualified provider who knows you personally.